THE

Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Auguſt 22. to Auguſt 29. 1734.

The following Copy of Verſes, deſcribing a very ſtrange and valuable Apple, is publiſhed for an Information to the curious Perſons who of late have been and are generouſly induſtrious in the Propagation of the beſt Fruits.

Puckermouth

The POKEAMOUTH APPLE.

To Capt. *Attwood.*

ATTWOOD, while thoſe, whoſe yearly Thouſands bring
Bright Thoughts and Eaſe, the Charms of *Redſtreak* ſing,
Or thoſe whoſe Wit with free Conſent is ſold,
Who praiſe, as order'd, any thing for Gold,
And make each Spot on *Britiſh* Ground worth more
Than all the reſt, or Paradiſe of yore;
From diff'rent Motives I attempt the Song
Of POKEAMOUTH; to you the Strains belong,
Belong to you, who told the Tale in Proſe,
So free, ſo well, that ſoon to Verſe it roſe.
Bid *Hereford* be mute while I begin,
Or let no ſtiff *Old-England Folk* come in;
But ſhould they laugh, give them the Fruit to taſte,
It will reform their merry Mouths in Haſte;
Not green *Perſimmons*, by a Stranger chew'd,
Not Beer by *Tartars* in an Elk-Skin brew'd,
Nor *Alum-Water*, by Miſtake ſwill'd down,
Can cauſe ſo quick ſo horrible a Frown;
The firſt ſmall Bite, if eager Jaws aſſail,
Will make a well-tooth'd Hero's Courage fail;
Contracted Cheeks, and gliſs'ning Eyes, will ſhow
What from plain Speech we long might wait to know:
Ev'n Swine, not dainty in their Sauce or Food,
But well content to eat mean Bits with Mud,
Are here o'ercome; the taſted Fruit caſt out
Lies in Defiance of the hungrieſt Snout;
So tantaliz'd, they grunt and grumble on,
Oft looking back to what they're forc'd to ſhun.
And ſo, long ſince, as *Milton's* Muſe relates,
Old Satan's Crew met with deluſive Cates;
Fair Fruit, and ſuch as pleas'd them beſt to ſee,
Spread o're the Ground, and bended from the Tree;
With nimble Hands they ſnatch'd, but how deceiv'd
When bitter Aſhes to their Palates cleav'd!
But not th' aſtringent Juice, or Woodlike Meat,
Or hardy Task, the POKEAMOUTH to eat,
Deter'd that firſt that Philoſophick Swain,
Who rightly thought this Fruit grew not in vain,
Who forc'd the Juice from the tenacious Rind,
And to ſtrong Cask and Length of Time conſign'd.
While at the Preſs he wrought, a Sight was ſeen
That pleas'd his Eye, the Liquor look'd ſerene,
As Fountain-Water clear; yet long delay'd.
Two Suns revolv'd before his Pains were paid;
Then POKEAMOUTH, matur'd by Time, appear'd
Frequent, and ripe, and no Superior fear'd,
For Strength, for Taſte, Duration, all that's dear,
To give long Health, or Spirits quick to chear.
The *Collet Apple*, or the *Roman*, fam'd
From *Chicheſter*, far as great *Penn* is nam'd,
Afford not Draughts ſo vinous, ſo polite;
Old *Rome*, to gain a meaner Prize, would fight:
When *Julius* 'gainſt their Luxury inveigh'd,
One Charge was *Drinking Wine of Apples made*.
So grows the Oak, a long long Time we wait
To ſee the Hero-Tree's exalted State,
As long behold him tow'r above the Wood,
And ſo long ſtill before his Heart's ſubdu'd.
Thus 'tis, kind Heav'n ſome favour'd Place to free
From lordly Neighbours, or Defence to be,
Deſigns a Patriot; oft the Boy appears
Artleſs and heavy in his ſprightly Years;
No forward Parts with Emulation ſhine,
No Eloquence, and no Behaviour fine;
For why, his Mind is hard at Work within,
To lay Foundations which can not be ſeen
Till Superſtructures gradual from them riſe,
That long ſhall laſt, and long ſhall give Surprize.
O, ATTWOOD, haſte, Is *Price* the Meſſage told?
Shall he, in *Lewes*, ſuch a Treaſure hold?
The Seaſon bids the Cions to be brought;
Of Us they may in future Times be ſought;
Whilſt we, enjoying what Induſtry gains,
And ſharing to our Friends our pleaſing Pains,
See, ſadly baulk'd, the thieving Town-Boys run
From POKEAMOUTHS, as they would Whipping ſhun.

Rome, May 22. Two Days ago, Cardinal *Belluga* received an expreſs from *Madrid*, with the agreeable News, *that the King of* Spain *had nominated him to the Archbiſhoprick of* Toledo.

LONDON, *June* 8.

Extract of a Letter from Malaga, *May* 25. N. S

I JUST now received the following Paragraph from below. (*we ſuppoſe from Gibraltar*) Mr. Zollicoffre our Ambaſſador, is ſtill here, and we believe he will this Day have an Order from Tetuan; we hear an Alcaid is come from the Emperor to receive him; if ſo, I hope Matters will go well, and perhaps the better as he is at War with his Subjects five Days Journey to the Southward of Mequinez, and theſe People have killed 2000 of his Horſe, beſides a great many taken; which has ſo enraged him, that he has ſent for all his People from Mequinez, and reſolved not to return till he has ſubdued them.

There is now 148 Engliſh Captives at Mequinez.

We have Advice that the two Cruizers that were out, are not in, however that is not certain, though we wiſh they may, ſince there is no catching them, and then it's poſſible to prevent their getting out this Summer.

On

On Wednesday a Cart that was taking a Load of Goods at the Custom House Key, by the Negligence of the Carman in Backing, fell over the Wharff into a Boat, where a Boy was fishing with a Net for Griggs; the Boy immediately leaped over-board, and catching fast hold of a Ship's Stern, happily saved himself; but the Horse was drowned.

On Tuesday Night the Corpse of the Lord Vane, lately chosen one of the Knights of the Shire for the County of Kent, was interred with great Funeral Pomp and Solemnity at his Seat at Fairlawn in the said County, being the ancient Burying Place of that noble Family.

On Sunday the Right Hon. the Lord Forbes, His Majesty's late Resident at the Court of Russia, arrived here from Petersburg, but last from the Hague; and on Tuesday his Lordship waited on their Majesties at Richmond, and met with a gracious Reception.

On Tuesday the Right Hon. the Earl of Salisbury, who lately arrived from France, waited on their Majesties at Richmond, and was very graciously received.

On Tuesday his Excellency the Count de Montijo, the Spanish Ambassador, received an extraordinary Courier from Naples, with Advice that the Count de Montemar, at the Head of 8000 of his Catholick Majesty's Troops, attack'd Count Visconti, the late Viceroy of that Kingdom, on the 25th of May, at Bironto near Tarento, where he lay entrench'd with 7000 Foot, having 2400 Horse to support his Infantry; and that after a bloody Engagement, the Spaniards had forced the Germans out of their Trenches, and taken 3000 Prisoners, Count Visconti having very narrowly escaped with a small Party of Horse, but was so closely pursued, that the News of his being taken was hourly expected. The Loss sustained by the Spaniards in this Engagement was very considerable, and that of the Germans could not be exactly computed when the Courier was dispatched. The latter last all their Baggage, Artillery and Ammunition.

The same Courier also brought Letters from the French at Bozzolo, importing, that the Imperial Army having attempted to penetrate into Parma, their first Column was attacked by Monsr. de Coigny near Colorno, where, after a smart Engagement, the Germans having lost therein 1200 Men, were oblig'd to retreat with Precipitation. Whereupon his Excellency the Spanish Ambassador, to give God Thanks for such a Series of happy Success, caused *Te Deum* to be sung on Tuesday in his Chappel at Powis House, and went afterwards to Richmond to communicate the said News to the Court.

Late on Tuesday Night arrived a French Mail, which brings Advice of the Death of the Prince de Lixin, who was killed by a Cannon Ball in the Trenches before Philipsburg, when he was actually upon no Command; whereupon an Ordinance issued forbidding all Officers, of what Condition, or Quality soever, to be present at any Attack, unless commanded thereunto.

On Saturday last an Experiment was tried at the Buffalo[illegible]ad Tavern in Bloomsbury, in the Presence of Sir Hans Sloan, and several other eminent Physicians, in order to discover what Effects the Bite of a Viper would have on a humane Body, when a Person suffered himself to be bit twice in the Arm by one of those venomous Creatures; and in Three Quarters of an Hour the Poison had so great an Effect upon him, it was thought he would have died; but by proper Prescriptions of the Gentlemen present, he recovered, and is like to do very well.

On Sunday about 12 o'Clock, one Perkins, a Journeyman Gardner in Lamb-Alley in Blackman-street, Southwark, having some Words with his Wife, drew out his Knife which he used in the Gardens, and stabbed her in the Groin, of which Wound she instantly died. Whereupon he was apprehended and carried before Sir John Lade, who committed him to the new Jail. When before the Justice he was asked how he came to be guilty of such a horrid Crime, having as may be properly said, murdered two, his deceased Wife being big with Child; he said she had provok'd him, and that he would rather be hanged than live with such a Woman; and withall, seem'd not in the least concern'd; and the Mob being numerous, he desir'd them not to hurt him.

On Saturday last the Sessions ended at the Old-Baily, when five Persons received Sentence of Death, *viz.* William Ray, for the Murder of his Wife; Roger Bow, the Waterman, for the Murder of Thomas Field, a Butcher, in Hungerford Market; Thomas Taverner, for Robbing the Lady of Samuel Russel, Esq; on the Highway, of Money and Linnen; and Samuel Walker, for Robbing Mr. Joseph Hague of Cash and Bills to a considerable value.

We have the following particulars from Ohre, *of May* 29.

The French Ships arrived in the Road of Dantzick the 24th early in the Morning, consisting of six Men of War, and five other Ships, which we take to be Transports: Upon their Arrival they fired 19 Guns, which were answered by those of the Wechselmunder-Schans, or Fort of Wechselmunde: In the Night several Rockets were let off, both in the Fort and in the Town of Dantzick, probably to give notice of the Arrival of those French Succours, and to answer that the Town had seen the Signal. The Wind being favourable for their going on Shoar, the French Troops were immediately landed at the Fort of Wechselmunde. The Russian Cavalry marched that Morning towards the Sea Coast, and continued there some Hours in Sight of the French, but as it was suspected they would not endeavour to force their Way into the Town on that side, but rather on the side of Nehrung, three Regiments of Dragoons were detach'd thither under the Command of Major-General Urushoff; and we sent to the Duke of Weyssenfels, who was come with his Saxon Troops within four or five Miles of us, desiring him to hasten his March to the Camp. In the Evening when the 48 Hours Suspension of Arms was expired, the Hostilities were renewed on both sides. On the 25th two Columns of the Saxon Troops arrived in the Camp by Langsubre, and were followed by the third Column next Day: These Troops which are in a very good Condition, consist of 21 Squadrons and 8 Battalions, having Engineers and a pretty considerable Artillery with them. The necessary Dispositions for an Attack, and for guarding the Line of Circumvallation and Contravallation, being made between the Russian and Saxon Armies the 26th, Count Munich went for the Nehrung and the Retrenchment on the other side the Vistula, Major-General Urushoff being by that time arrived within call with his three Regiments of Dragoons. On the 27th at 8 a'Clock in the Morning the Russians advanced Guards towards Wechselmunde reported, that the French were marched out of the Fort, and had formed themselves against the Russian Retrenchment, at the same time that some Cannon were pointed, and Bombs thrown, that way; whereupon the three Regiments of Dragoons above-mentioned were sent, with some Troops from the Camp to reinforce the Retrenchment. At 9 o'Clock, a strong Column of Foot marched out of the Town towards the Left Wing of the Russian Army; whereupon the Quarter-Master General Stoffel was immediately commanded away with a Detachment of Foot, to reinforce the Redoubt and Lines of the Vistula, and to cover the Quarters of Heybuden against this Salley of the Dantzickers. About 10 o'Clock, the French marched in 3 Columns towards the Woods; so that one of the 3 faced to the Right Wing of the Russians toward the Sea-side; but after having stood a few Cartouch Shot from the Russian Battery, that Column marched off to the Right toward the Wood. Here began the Attack under a continual Peal of Cannon Shot from the Fort of Wechselmunde against the middle of the Russian Retrenchment, the same being situate nearest to the said Fort; and the French had the Advantage, not only to advance near the Russian Works under Cover of a thick Wood, but also to have both their Wings defended by an almost impassible Morass. They called out to our Men not to fire, because they were Saxons coming to the Camp; but the Russians fired upon them nevertheless, and thereupon the Attach of the French grew very furious, insomuch that their Column on the Right, where a Detachment of Russian Dragoons were posted, broke thro' the Barricades, and part of them got within fifteen Paces of the Russian Retrenchment, crying *Avancez, avancez*; but they were so warmly received by those in the Retrenchment, that all the French that got through were killed upon the Spot: Others seeing this stout Resistance, betook themselves to Flight, and were pursued by the Lieutenant Colonels Kehrman and Keysserling, who cut in Pieces as many as they could overtake; whereupon the rest of the French retired, by favour of the Wood, under the Cannon of Fort Wechselmunde; but they had not been there long, before the

Cannon

Cannon of the Somerſchans began to play upon them, and ſoon obliged them to march into their Camp behind that Fortreſs. Major General Uruſhoff approaching afterwards with his three Regiments of Dragoons, was poſted againſt the Body that marched out of Dantzick, and had Cannon with them; but as ſoon as we began to fire our Cannon upon thoſe Dantzickers, (whoſe Right Wing was compoſed of the Crown Guards) they alſo withdrew into the Town. On the ſide of the Ruſſians, a Lieutenant and ſeven private Centinels were killed, and Colonels Leſſie and Gripuroff, with a Lieutenant and Twenty Soldiers wounded. The number of the Slain and Wounded on the French ſide we cannot yet certainly tell; but the next Day, about Sixty of their Dead, who lay cloſe by the Retrenchment, or in the Barricades, were at the requeſt of the Commanding French Officer Monſ. de la Motte de la Pierouſe, ſent to him: It is reported, that there were ſeveral Officers of Diſtinction among them. Some Frenchmen were likewiſe left behind in the Wood and the Moraſs, beſides thoſe carried off by them in their Retreat. Yeſterday Morning the 28th, 4 Regiments of the Ruſſian Dragoons and 3 of Foot marched out of the Retrenchment, with Muſick Playing before them: On the Right Wing were 5 Pieces of Cannon; as ſoon as Prayers were over, they made three Running Fires. That Day notwithſtanding theſe Rejoycings, not a Shot was fired from the Wechſelmunder-Schans. The French Corps conſiſts of three Regiments, to wit, thoſe of Blaiſois, Perigord, and de la Marche, all under the Command of Brigadier de la Motte de la Peirouſe; and each Regiment has 17 Companies of Men, beſides Officers. The Regiments of Blaiſois and Perigord were thoſe that landed before about the 10th, and on the 14th reimbarked and put to Sea again; but having met 4 French Men of War, not far from Copenhagen, with the Regiment of La Marche on board, and the Count de Plelo, Ambaſſador of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty to the Court of Denmark, they returned hither with them The Reaſon why thoſe two Regiments of Blaiſois and Perigord reimbarked the 14th, is ſaid by French Deſerters to be, becauſe they were told that King Staniſlaus was dead. The French are in Expectation of more conſiderable Succours with the Fleet under Monſieur du Gue-Trouin. The Attack of the Ruſſian Retrenchment, was made by all the French that are come; that is to ſay by the 3 Regiments. The Notion of the Count de Plelo's being killed in the Attack of the Ruſſian Retrenchment, is grounded upon the following Circumſtances, *viz.* The ſaid Count was ſaluted with ſeveral Cannon Shot upon his Arrival at Wechſelmunde; All the Officers that were in the Attack, had the ſame Regimental Cloathing; but a Perſon was found among the Dead, who had an Olive-coloured Waſtecoat, richly laced with Silver; The French were very eager to ſee their Dead and Priſoners; and a Drum was ſent by them to enquire principally after one Captain Plelo, who had a yellow Silk Waſtecoat, laced with Silver, having, to prevent Miſtakes, a written Note of his Name, and the Deſcription of his Cloaths. Of the 11 Ships arrived, 4 are put to Sea again; but we do not know which way.

Bath, May 30. This being the Birth-Day of her Royal Highneſs the PRINCESS AMELIA, the ſame was celebrated here with all poſſible Demonſtrations of Joy and Reſpect. At Noon the Nobility and Gentry paid their Compliments to her Royal Highneſs, and in the Evening there was a Ball. All the Windows in General were illuminated, and particularly Mrs. *Lindſay's* magnificent Ball-Room, which was executed in the following manner, being the Deſign of Mr *Jacob Skinner* Engraver. In the middle Window was moſt curiouſly contriv'd her Highneſs's Cypher, over which hung a large Compaſs Pediment, enriched with Lawrel Leaves, and thereon ſtood her Royal Higneſs's Coronet beautifully diverſify'd with proper Colours, ſo that it appeared as a real one. On each ſide of the ſame hung a Star, which appeared very Beautiful Then to deſcend lower with the Eye, there were three Sconces, the middle one that hung in the Center of the Cypher was ſtuck with two Rows of Wax Candles, and the other ſmaller on each ſide with one Row, the Wires of which were wreathed with Laurels. At the bottom of the Window was imitated Battlements all in Wax Candles; the ſide Windows were alſo illuminated, four Rows of Candles in each Window; and two of them Semicircles, each Circle filling one Pane; and the other two Rows were contriv'd in form of Chevronels, each Chevronel fitting a Pane. The reſt of the Houſe was in the old Manner, but great Numbers of Candles in every Window.

A Repreſentation having been made to the King, that Richard Cantillon, Eſq; was robb'd and murder'd in his Dwelling-Houſe in Albermarl ſtreet, on the 14th Inſtant, and his Houſe burnt down to the Ground, His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſons guilty of ſuch henious Crimes, is pleaſed to promiſe a Pardon to any one of the Accomplices therein concern'd (except the Perſon by whom the ſaid Murder was committed) who ſhall diſcover any one or more of the Criminals ſo as he, ſhe, or they may be apprehended and convicted. And Philip Cantillon Merchant, promiſes a Reward of 200 l. to any one who ſhall make ſuch Diſcovery.

On Friday Night a Perſon commonly called Gentleman Harry, a great Gameſter; and reputed Cheat and Guinea Droper, with another Man of the ſame Profeſſion, both of them very well dreſs'd, were apprehended by Mr. Rawlings the High Conſtable of Weſtminſter, in a notorious Night-houſe in Drury Lane, and being carried the next Morning before Sir John Gonſon, Thomas Lane, Richard Newton, Thomas De Veil, Charles Egerton and Myles Harpur, Eſqrs; His Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, Gentleman Harry, as he is call'd, made a long Defence, pretending that he had an Eſtate, and a conſiderable Annuity for Life; but not being able to make it appear to the Satisfaction of the Juſtices, but on the contrary ſeveral Witneſſes proving that he had ſome time paſt liv'd wholly by gaming, pimping, and bullying for the Women of the Town, he and his Companion were committed to *Bridewell*, where they are now Beating Hemp in their fine Cloaths, *Poor Harry.*

London, May 20. We hear that Capt. Gumley, Capt. of a Troop in the King's own Royal Regiment of Dragoons, has obtained his Majeſty's Royal Licence of Leave to go Voluntier in the Imperial Army under the command of Prince Eugene

It is written from Alicant the 28th Ult. That 4 Spaniſh Men of War, with 60 Sail of Tranſports, (18 being Engliſh) ſail'd from hence the 26th, to join the grand Fleet at Barcelona, deſigned on the Sicilian Expedition.

May 22 Yeſterday in the Evening were landed from on board the Samuel and John, Capt Waugh, from Philadelphia, two Wild Buffaloes, a Bull and a Cow, taken at the Top of Suſaquehanah River, amongſt the Indians, ſent over by Mr. Penn to Mr. Tho. Jackſon at the White Lyon Tavern in Cornhill, to be preſented to His Majeſty.

Naples, May 1, General Marchiliah, who beſieged the Fortreſs of Baia, fired in 30 Hours againſt it 664 Cannon Shot, and 40 Bombs. The Garriſon was obliged to ſurrender Priſoners at Diſcretion, who were to be conducted to Spain, to the Number of 284, but moſt of them took on in the Spaniſh Service, and were diſpoſed of in the Troops. There were found in the Caſtle 45 Pieces of Cannon, 900 Barrels of Powder, a great Quantity of Shot, 250 Paiſans, with Proviſions for 15 Months, and 9000 Ducats in Money. The Caſtle of St Elmo likewiſe ſurrendered at Diſcretion, after 50 Hours firing of Shot and Bombs, the 26th of the Month paſt; the Count de Luſſara and 325 Soldiers were made Priſoners of War. The General of the Spaniſh Fleet had taken on board 700 Soldiers, both Catalans and Germans, that had ſurrender'd at Diſcretion in ſeveral Fortreſſes, in order to be tranſported to Spain, to be ſent thence to Oran.

Averſa, May 4. Eight hundred Germans have taken on in our Service, and all Sicily is revolting in Favour of our Prince, ſo that the ſecond Convoy from Barcelona, that arrived at Binal, have orders to paſs directly to Sicily, in ſuport of the Well-affected, and not to the Marſhal Villars's Army, as was at firſt intended.

Hague, May 18. According to all our Letters from the Rhine, of both Parties, Prince Eugene of Savoy is exremely to be pitied, being at the Head of a Shadow of an Army; ſo that if his Miſunderſtanding with a certain Miniſter, were as Real as ſome Men would perſwade us, we ſhould be apt to think he contributed to his Appointment to command upon the Rhine, only out of cruel Revenge. That great General has hardly 25,000 Men, and his Enemy has 100,000: Theſe have all

things

things in abundance: He wants every thing. All the Auxiliary Troops march as ſlowly, as if they had agreed with the Enemy not arrive in the Imperial Army till the ſame is defeated.

When Prince Eugene was asked, during the laſt Wars in Flanders, *How* Alexander *made ſuch Conqueſts with a handful of Men, when his Highneſs found it ſo difficult at the Head of a fine Army*? He anſwered, *It was becauſe* Alexander *had no* Deputys *in his Army*. What would he ſay, if the ſame Queſtion were put to him now, that he is at the Head of the Empire and the Circles?

We expect every Hour Important and even Deciſive News from the Rhine; for if the Emperor triumphs, he will be told that he has no need of Succours: If on the contrary, his Imperial Majeſty ſhould be beat, we ſhall be obliged (but not till next Summer) to eſpouſe his Quarrel; M W -------le having plainly demonſtrated the fatal Conſequences which the Maritime Powers ought naturally to expect from the too great Progreſs of the French.

Boſton, Auguſt 5. His Excellency with the other Gentlemen going on board His Majeſty's Ship the *Scarborough* Capt. *Durell* Commander, on *Monday* July 15, at 6 in the Afternoon; quickly ſet ſail, and with a fair Wind came to Anchor in the Eaſtern, which is the main Branch of *Peſſamequoddy* Harbour, in the Bay of *Fundy*, on *Wedneſday* Night at 9 a Clock, in 16 Fathom. It is ſuppos'd to be the Harbour which the French call St. *Croix*, or near it; which St. *Croix* is the Eaſtern Boundary of *this Province* and the Weſtern of *Nova Scotia*; and but about 5 or 6 Hours ſail to *Annapolis*. The next Morning we made Signals for the Inhabitants to come on board; The next Day in the Afternoon his Excellency with ſome other Gentlemen went aſhoar; but cou'd diſcover none. And the thick Fogs hindered us from ſearching for St. *Croix* River.

Saturday Morning, we came to ſail Homeward: In the Afternoon, anchor'd in *Machias* Bay in 12 Fathom: His Excellency, &c. went aſhore, tarried in this Harbour on the *Lords-Day*: But could ſee no People here neither.

Monday Morning we ſailed hence, with a Deſign for *Mount Deſart*: But by ſome Miſtake *next Day*, we run too much to Leeward to get in before Night; and it being thought too Dangerous for His Majeſty's Ship to venture into *Penobſcot*; we ſailed for *Pemaquid*, and on *Wedneſday* at 5 P. M. we came to Anchor there in 12 Fathom, and landed at the *Fort*; which is in a fine Scituation, on the Conflux of two pleaſant Bays or Rivers, tho' they are not navigable above 5 or 6 Miles into the Country.

Thurſday, His Excellency, &c. ſail'd in the Scarborough Pinnace up the *Weſtern* Bay, which is call'd *John's River*, walked round the Head, and return'd in the Forenoon. And Afternoon, ſail'd up the Eaſtern Branch which claims the name of *Pemaquid River*, to the lower Falls thereof, walk'd round them and returned.

Friday Morning, His Excellency, with a Guard of 7 or 8 Muſquetiers went up to the Head of *John's River* as before; and thence a foot a croſs the Woods to the Head of *Damaſcotty-Bay*, and ſo to the Settlements at *Sheepſcott*, about 15 Miles, that He might have a View of the Inland Part of the Country. Some of the other Gentlemen going in the Pinnace acroſs the Mouths of *Winnegants* and *Damaſcotty* Bays near 20 Miles into *Sheepſcot* River, and ſo near 20 Miles further up to the Place of the *Old Fort*; near which His Excellency met them.

There they all lodg'd that Night, the next Day returned together in the Pinnace to the Ship, and the next Day kept our Sabbath in the Fort, which is begun to fall to Ruin. That Evening we ſet ſail from thence. Monday we ſailed all Day in view of the *White Hills*, and in the Afternoon, of *Agamenticus*. And *Wedneſday*, *July* 31, at 6 in the Afternoon arriv'd at *Boſton*

All that Coaſt appears to be full of commodious Rivers, Bays, Harbours, Coves, and delightful Iſlands; the moſt agreeable Part of the *Maſſachuſets* Province, both for Scituarion, Fiſhery, Lumber-Trade, and Culture, and highly worthy of the publick Care.

We have Advice by the Scarborough, That about the 23d of *July* laſt, ſome Indians came to Capt. Giles at at George's, and told him, That agreeable to the Treaty of Peace between the Engliſh and Indians, which obliged them to acquaint each other of any unhappy Accident or Quarrel that ſhould happen between private Perſons of either Nation; they were come to inform him, in order to acquaint the Governor; That about four Days before, ſome of the Indians about Mount *Deſart*, meeting a ſtray White Man alone in a Canoe with ſome Goods, which the Indians knew belonged to a French Man; the Indians were going to carry the Canoe and Goods to the Owner: But Two or Three of the Indians going aſhore, the White Man fell upon the remaining Indian in the Canoe, and was upon the point of drowning him: Upon which the other Indians returning, in the Scuffle kill'd the White Man. This is the Subſtance of the Account the Indians gave to Capt. *Giles*, who ſent it in a Packet to His Excellency, by a number of Indians to Capt. *Woodſide* at Pemaquid, and which his Excellency received upon His arrival there, the 24th of the laſt Month

We are alſo informed, that the Indians ſeem to be deſirous of the Continuance of Peace and Friendſhip with us; notwithſtanding the Endeavours of the French to perſwade them to the contrary. And further, we hear, That upon the Apprehenſions of a War, between the Engliſh and French, the ſeveral Tribes of Indians had met together, and had a great Conference; the Reſult of which was, that if ſuch a War ſhould happen they would be Neuter.

From the London Evening Poſt, June 1.

THIS Day arrived a Mail from Holland, by which we have an Account, That ten thouſand Pruſſians, and ſix thouſand Hanoverians had joined Prince Eugene, and that it was believed they would ſoon decamp.

Boſton, Aug. 5. On Thurſday Capt. *Winnet* arrived here from Annapolis Royal, who informs, that juſt before he ſail'd, a ſmall Sloop came in there from Lewisbourg, with Advice, that a Ship was juſt arrived from France, which brought an Account of a great Action upon the Rhine, between Prince Eugene and the Duke of Berwick, wherein the French were defeated and loſt abundance of Men, upon which a Ceſſation of Arms was concluded.

There is alſo a flying Report in Town, ſaid to be brought from Lisbon, by a ſhip which arrived here laſt Week in 33 Days, viz. That the Germans have beat the French upon the Rhine, and raiſed the Siege of Philipsburg; and, that the French ſhips before Dantzick have been deſtroy'd by the Ruſſian Fleet.

Cuſtom Houſe, New-York, *Aug.* 26. *Entred in.*

Sloop Fancy, Tho. Vardil, ------ Envy, Benjamin Bethel, Brigt. Hope, John Bedford, from Barbodoes. Sloop Unity, J. Tucker, from Bermuda ------- Revenge, Albert Boſch, Scooner Union, Henry Lawrance, from Antigua. Brigt. Benjamin, Abraham Skinner, from Santa Cruz, Teneriff, and Canaries. *Entred out.* Sloop Jacob Abraham Kip, for South Carolina. -- --- Royal Ranger, Richard Fowle, ----- Unity, J. Tucker, for Carolina ------ Fancy, Thomas Vardil, for Barbadoes. *Cleared*, Ship Frances, Adam Winder, to P Amboy, Sloop Mary, Hugh Wentworth, to Nevis, ------ Elizabeth, C. Luſher, to Coracoa, ----- Heſter, Nich. Garriſon, to St. Thomas, Snow King George, Robert Hood, to Gibraltar.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia. *Entred in.*

Brigt. Sufannah, John Green, from Antigua.
Scooner Dolphin, James Lusk, from South Carolina.
------- Mary, Richard Berwick, from Ditto.
Brigt. Two Brothers, Richard Pidgeon, from Barbadoes.
Sloop Auguſtus Cæſar, Charles Walker, from Nevis.
Brigt. Peggy, John Sim, from Cadiz.
Ship Langford, Juſtinian Nutt, from Barbadoes.
Sloop Succeſs, William Higgs, from Bermuda.
Ship Cambridge, David Fogo, from Nevis
Entred out. Sloop Two Brothers, W. Davis, for St. Kitts.
Ship Molly, James Oſwald for Lisbon.
Brigt. Briſtol Hope, Arthur Tough, for Briſtol.
Cleared. Sloop Catherine, Wm. Fenn, to Nevis,
Snow Port Glaſgow, David Blair, to Cork.
Scooner King Fiſher, John Farr, to Virginia.
Sloop Union, Robert Mc'Collock, to Jamaica.

For *SOUTH-CAROLINA*,

THE *Scooner* Dolphin, James Lusk, *Maſter, will ſail in Fourteen Days. For Frieght or Paſſage agree with ſaid Maſter, or with* Tho. Shute, *or* Anthony Morris.

The Reſt of the Advertiſements in the Half-Sheet.

Advertiſements.

To be SOLD,

A NEW SLOOP now lying at *Marcus Hook*, Length of Keel 35 Feet, Breadth of Beam 15, Depth of Hold 6, built of ſeaſon'd Timber, primed and fitted to a Cleat, with the Pumps on board, and a 6 Inch Cable of 100 Fathom, and a good Anchor. Any Perſon enclining to purchaſe, may treat with *William Haly* at the *Hook* aforeſaid.

ALL *Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Dr.* Nicholas Steeglitz, *late of* Whitemarſh *deceaſed, are hereby deſired to pay their reſpective Debts to* Thomas Steeglitz *at* Whitemarſh *aforeſaid, by the Firſt of* December *next; or expect further Trouble.*

For LONDON directly,

THE Ship *Conſtantine, Edward Wright*, Commander, will ſail punctually by the Tenth of *October* next. Freighters or Paſſengers may agree with Mr. *Lawrence* or the ſaid Captain.

Note, *There is very good Accomodation for Paſſengers.*

For *Virginia* or *Maryland*,

THE *Snow* Helen *of* Liverpool, Samuel Wallace *Maſter, lying near* Cheſnut-Street *Wharff, will Sail with all Expedition: Freighters or Paſſengers may agree with the ſaid Maſter; either aboard or at the* London Coffee-Houſe.

Note, The ſaid Veſſel intends for *Virginia* or *Maryland* to get Fraight Home; but if any Gentlemen here have a mind to fraight her from hence to any other Place, the aforeſaid Capt. is ready to agree with them.

For LONDON,

THE *Ship* Elizabeth *and* Dorothy, John Reeve *Maſter, will ſail in a Month's time at fartheſt; for Freight or Paſſage, agree with* Mathias Aſpdin, *or the ſaid Maſter on board the ſaid Ship, now lying at* Samuel Powel's *Wharff.* Philadel. *Aug.* 22. 1734.

LOST *on* Saturday *laſt, an old faſhion'd large Watch with a Leather Strap, and nothing but the Key hanging to it. The Name* Fletcher, London,, *upon the Dial-Plate. Whoever brings it to Capt.* William Wallace's *in* Philadelphia, *ſhall have* Twenty Shillings *Reward, and no Queſtions asked. Aug.* 22.

WHEREAS Robert Wade *late of the County of* Cheſter *within this Province, deceaſed; by his laſt Will and Teſtament, did deviſe unto* Robert Wade *his Nephew, and* Lydia *his Wife, all that his Plantation ſcituate in* Cheſter *aforeſaid, called* Eſſex-Houſe, *containing Three Hundred and Sixty Acres of Land, yielding and paying thereout, Yearly and every Year ſucceſſively for ever, towards the Maintenance of the Free-School of this City, the Sum of* Five Pounds; *and whereas not any Part of the ſaid Annuity, from the deceaſe of the ſaid Teſtator hitherto hath been paid, and ſome Overtures have lately been made towards the Sale of the Premiſes ſo charged, or ſome Part thereof; Now theſe are to caution all Perſons whomſoever, how they make purchaſe of the Plantation aforeſaid, or any Part thereof, without having Regard to the ſaid Incumbance, for that the Overſeers of the ſaid School do intend to inſiſt on the Payment of the Arrearages of the ſaid Annuity behind and unpaid, and alſo on the annual Sum wherewithall the ſaid Plantation is charged in manner aforeſaid, of which this by their Order is to give publick Notice.*

Dated at Philadel. *the 20th of the 6th Month,* 1734.

ON Friday *the 30th of this Inſtant* Auguſt, *at* 11 *o'Clock in the Forenoon, will be Sold by publick Vendue, at the Store on Mr.* Turners *Wharff, Seven Pipes of Madeira Wine, One in a Lot, by*

Philadel. Aug. 23. 1723. Pat. Baird, *Vendue-Maſter.*

ALEPPO INK,

FOR the true ſtaining Black, equal to any Sort of Ink whatever; and far exceeding all other Sorts in the Laſtingneſs of its Colour: So that no Ink is ſo proper as this for Records, Deeds, and other Writings which ought to endure. Sold at the New-Printing-Office, Price 1 s. a Bottle. Where alſo you may have good common Ink.

WHereas *Mr.* John White *the ſurviving Executor of the Eſtate of* John Roberts *deceaſed, being bound on a Voyage to* England, *and being deſirous the Debts and Legacies of the ſaid* Roberts *ſhould be diſcharged as far as in him lies*

Theſe are therefore once more to give publick Notice to the ſaid John Roberts's *Debtors, to make ſpeedy Payment to* Benjamin Morgan *or* Thomas Edwards *of* Philadelphia, *or to* Humphry Jones *at* North Wales, (*whom the ſaid* John White *hath deputed to receive the ſame*) *otherwiſe to expect a Proceſs of Law.*

To be SOLD,

A PLANTATION and Ferry, commonly known by the Name of Ferry-point; 400 Acres or thereabouts, a good Orchard, and a Houſe, about four Miles below *Burlington*. Enquire of *Joſeph Femimore* in *Burlington* County, or of *Bartholomew Horner*, in *Glouceſter* County.

Kund und zu wiſen jederman,

DAS JOHAN HOBART welher wirtſchafft in der Waſſer-ſtraſs gehalten, anjetzo in die Marckſtraſſe gezogen, welcher Wirdſchafft zum Canaſtogen Wagen genennet wird, nechſte duhr bey den Weiſſen Roſs. Bey welchem jeder Freund in eſſen, drincken, verpleyung voz Pferd und andern benothigungen um einen billigen Preiſs haben ſoll. Bey demſelben iſt gelegenheit in dem Hoff voz Wägen, Pfert und Kinder, auch ein gerichtet zum ſchlachten.

VERY *good Currans and Raiſins to be ſold reaſonable by Retale, at* Iſaac Williams's *Shop in* Front-Street, *next Door to* Joſeph Turner's *new Houſe. As alſo, a good Sortment of long and ſhort Pipes.*

TAken *up on Suſpicion of being a Runaway, on the* 23*d of* July *paſt, and put into the Goal at* Burlington, *one* Robert Oldham (*as he tells his Name*) *about* 17 *or* 18 *Years of Age; he ſays he ſerved his Time with one* Charles Groſs *near Juſtice* Gatchel's *in* Nottingham, Cheſter *County, and has been about* 7 *Years in the Country. He had with him a brown homeſpun Coat with braſs Buttons, a ſtriped homeſpun Linnen Jacket, Ozenbrigs Trowſers, black Yarn Stockings and ſtrong Shoes. He is of low Stature, ſlender Body, brown Hair, and pale Complexion.*

LATELY *imported and to be ſold by the* Printer hereof, large Bibles with the Common Prayer, Apocrypha, and Concordance; ſmall gilt Bibles with the Common Prayer and new Verſion of Pſalms; Common Bibles; Teſtaments of a large print: Pſalters, Account Books of all Sizes; Demi Royal, large Poſt, and Common Paper; Sealing-wax ſuperfine and common: Ink powder the beſt; with ſeveral other Sorts of Stationary Ware.

Where may be had all ſorts of Blanks in the moſt authentick Forms, and correctly printed.

Where alſo may be had,

French Dictionaries, Grammars, and Telemachus.

READY MONEY *for old* RAGS *may be had of the Printer hereof.*

Philadel. ff. ALL *Perſons within the Province of* Pennſylvania, *who have clear Eſtates in Fee-Simple, in any Lands within the ſame may be ſupplied with Money upon a Security of their Lands, according to the Directions of the Acts of Aſſembly of ſaid Province, there being the Sum of* 8000 *l. now in the General Loan-Office to be let out, beſides a greater Sum of Out ſtanding Debts which will be ſpeedily called in.*

By the Truſtees of the General Loan-Office,

Aug. 7. 1734. A. HAMILTON.

THERE *being lately diſcovered a counterfeited Twenty Shilling Bill, of the likeneſs of the Bills of Credit of the Province of* Pennſylvania *of the ſame Denomination, Dated the Tenth Day of* April, 1731. *All Perſons are deſired to be careful leſt they be impoſed upon by the ſaid falſe Bills. They are to be known only by the Difference in the Signers Names, the Paper of the falſe Bills is thinner, and the Ink with which they are printed, is paler than in the true Bills.*

Aug. 5. 1734. A. HAMILTON.

VEry good LAMPBLACK made and ſold by the Printer hereof.

OVER *against the Priſon in* Market-Street, *at the Sign of the* Paracelſus-Head (*where Mr.* Evan Jones *Chymiſt lately dwelt*) *are made and ſold, all Chymical Preparations, Galenical Medicines, and common Oyls, very reaſonable, by* William Shippen, *Chymiſt.*

RUN away *July* 19, from *William Cox*, of *New Brunſwick*, a Servant Man named *Stephen Parſlow*, an Engliſhman, a Blackſmith by Trade, about 22 Years of Age, of a ſwarthy Complexion, down Look, ſhort black curl'd Hair, wears a light natural Wig, Gingham Coat and Breeches, new homeſpun blue-ſtrip'd Trowſers; and, has taken with him a new ſtrip'd calimanco Man's Gown, a leather Doublet, and a young black ſhock Dog with cut Ears, and Tail dock'd ſhort: He may pretend by his Indentures that his Time is out. He has the Letters S. P mark'd on his right Hand with Gunpowder. Whoever ſecures him ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Thirty Shillings* Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by *William Cox.*

RUN away from *Jacob Lightfoot* of *Cheſter*, a Man named *William Davis*, a *Welchman*, ſpeaks broken *Engliſh*, of ſandy Complexion, he has his Hair, of middle Stature, he had a brown Coat, white Fuſtian Coat, an old Felt Hat, a pair of Leather Breeches, a pair of grey Stockings; he is very remarkable by his Teeth, which ſtand very much awry, ſome being longer than the reſt, and alſo one Finger, broken formerly by a Cart; he is about 30 or 40 Years of Age, and pretends to be a great Miner. Whoever takes up the ſaid Man, and ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, or brings him to *Cheſter* Goal, ſhall have *Five Pounds* Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by *Jacob Lightfoot.*

Cheſter, Aug. 3. 1734.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Joſeph England*, late of *Philadelphia*, deceaſed, are hereby notified ſpeedily to pay their reſpective Debts to *Harmanus Alrichs* in this City, to prevent further Trouble.

STOLEN or ſtray'd away, *Sept.* 8. 1733. from the Keeping of *George Watſon*, at *Skuylkill* Ferry, a black Mare with a white Face, branded W on the near Shoulder, H on the near Buttock, having formerly belonged to *William Hooper* of *Buckingham* Townſhip; She had on four new Shoes.

Alſo ſtray'd away from this City, the 11th of *May* laſt, a ſorrel Horſe, with a Star in his Forehead, branded NB in one Letter, on the near Shoulder, a Lock on near Foot, ſhod all round. Whoever brings either Horſe or Mare to *George Shoemaker*'s in this City, or gives an Account of them ſo that the Owner may have them again, ſhall have *Ten Shillings* Reward for each, and reaſonable Charges, paid by *Thomas Hodgkin.*

Philadelphia, Aug. 1. 1734.

IN *Second Street over againſt the Sign of* the Bible, are taught Writing, Arithmetic, Merchants Accounts in all the Paſſages of Commerce, whether Domeſtick or Foreign, Geometry, Menſuration, Surveying, Gauging, Trigonometry, Navigation, Dialling *and* Aſtronomy, *the uſe of the* Globes *and other* Mathematical Inſtruments, *according to the moſt approv'd methods, by* Theophilus Grew. *He alſo teaches* Algebra *or the* Analytical Art, *with the* Laws *and* Properties *of* Motion, *a thing abſolutely neceſſary to a right underſtanding of the* Modern Philoſophy. *He deſigns, if he finds Encouragement, to make it his whole buſineſs, in order to inſtruct the young Gentlemen and Youth of the Town, and will give Attendance in his Room up one pair of Stairs from nine to twelve in the Morning, from two to five in the Afternoon, and from Six to Nine in the Evening, as it ſhall ſuit each ones conveniency.*

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY *young breeding Negro Woman fit for Town or Country Buſineſs, has had the ſmall Pox; as alſo a Mill for grinding Malt, and a Screen for cleaning of Malt, or any other Grain; inquire of* John Danby *in* Third Street, *and know the Price; they will be ſold very reaſonable for ready Money.*

ALL *Sorts of Gold and Silver Work made and mended, alſo Gold and Silver bought, by* John Syng, *Goldſmith, in* Market-Street *over againſt the Market Houſe, next Door but one to the* Crown, *in* Philadelphia.

To be SOLD,

TOgether *or in Parcels, a Plantation and Tract of about* 1100 *Acres of Land, at* Horſham *in the County of* Philadelphia, 18 *Miles from the City, and within* 4 *Miles of* York *Road; having thereon* 2 *Dwelling Houſes of Stone, with a good large Barn, Stables, Orchard and Garden. There is almoſt* 130 *Acres of the Land clear'd and well improv'd with Clover and other* Engliſh *Graſs, beſides large parcels of meadowing. The whole is excellent good Land, well timbered and water'd with fine Springs. The Buildings large, elegant, and commodiouſly ſituate for the Reception of any Gentleman with a large Family. There is alſo near the Houſes a plentiful Run of water, fit for erecting a Mill on. Concerning the Price and Title inquire of* C. Brockden *of the City of* Philadelphia

To be SOLD,

A Plantation lying in *Nottingham* in the County of *Burlington*, and Province of *New Jerſey*, about four Miles from *Trentown*, containing Four Hundred and Twenty Acres; about one Hundred Acres cleared and within Fence, a large Quantity of Meadowing and ſome young Apple-trees planted; it is a very convenient Place for keeping a large Stock, there being a very good Outlet, and a convenient Market. Any Perſon or Perſons that have a mind to purchaſe the ſaid Plantation, may enquire of *Mahlon Kirkbride*, living in *Pennſylvania*, about two Miles above the *Falls-Ferry*, and be informed as to the Price and Payment.

Mahlon Kirkbride.

TO be Sold by *Mary Clayton* and *Samuel Bickley*, Executors of *Aſher Clayton*, deceaſed, a Plantation containing 500 Acres, having on it a Griſt-Mill with two pair of Stones going with two Water Wheels, two Boulting Mills, alſo two Houſes, one of Brick, the other of Wood, with convenient Out-houſes; there is a Conveniency of Water-Carriage from the Mills; it lies within a Mile of *Chriſtine* Bridge. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to the aforeſaid Executors at the above-mentioned Plantation, and agree on reaſonable Terms.

John Hunt, Stay-Maker, is removed from *Second-Street* into *Front-Street* over-againſt the Corner of *Market-Street*, at the Houſe of *Robert Read.*

To be SOLD,

A *FINE Tract of Land* 740 *Acres, lying near* Chriſtine Bridge, *well Timber'd and water'd. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, or any part of it may agree with the Widow* Bartel *Executrix of* W. Bartel *late of* New-Caſtle. *Alſo a Water Lot in the Town of* New-Caſtle *adjoining to the Free Wharff; to be diſpoſed of. Agree with Mrs* Bartel *aforeſaid*

CANE Chairs of all Sorts made after the beſt & neweſt Faſhion; old Chairs caned or Holes mended (if not gone too far) at reaſonable rates, by Nicholas Gale, *next to the Sign of the Pewter Platter in* Front-Street, Philadelphia.

JOHN Hobart *who lately kept the* Sun *Tavern in* Water-Street, Philadelphia, *gives this Publick Notice to his Friends and others, that he is now removed to the Sign of the Coneſtogoe Waggon in* Market-Street *next Door to the* White-Horſe, *where he keeps good Entertainment for Man and Horſes at reaſonable rates, and has large Yard-Room for Waggons and Cattle, and a good Conveniency for Killing and Dreſſing of Hogs.*

A Conſiderable Quantity of freſh Drugs, juſt imported from London, are to be Sold in large or ſmall Parcels, at the Shop of *Samuel Chew* and *Thomas Bond*, in *High-Street* near the Market. Where alſo may be had moſt kinds of Chymical and Galenical Medecines duely and honeſtly prepared, all at very reaſonable rates.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New-Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.